

ChE 63a Jan 2018 SYLLABUS

1. Introduction

Historical

Nature, Scope and Applications of Thermodynamics

Terms: system vs. surroundings, closed system vs. control volume

equilibrium, state variables, process, intensive vs. extensive

ideal gas

Pressure and relationship to momentum flux

Temperature and the Zeroth Law of Thermodynamics,

Temperature scales, Thermometry

Volumetric Properties of Pure Fluids, Two p-v-T phase diagrams

2. First Law of Thermodynamics for Closed Systems

Joule's Experiments, definition of Internal Energy

types of internal energy

preliminary statement of 1st Law

Definition of Heat and final statement of 1st Law

Types of work: shaft work, p-V work

Illustrative examples of p-V work

Reversible and irreversible processes and relation with work

Enthalpy: definition and illustrative examples for closed systems

3. First Law for Control Volume (Open Systems)

Derivation and origin of enthalpy flows

Examples: Compressors, Throttling devices, Flow through Valves,
Vessel filling problems, Vessel emptying problem

4. Thermochemistry

Heat capacities as functions of temperature

Enthalpy of formation, enthalpy of reaction

First law applications to systems with chemical reactions

5. Entropy and the Second Law

Directionality of Processes, Reversible and Irreversible Processes

Statistical treatment of Entropy and the Second Law

Classical Treatment of Entropy and the Second Law, Kelvin-
Planck and Clausius statements, Carnot Cycle, Clausius inequality,
definition of entropy and statement of the second Law.

Calculations of ΔS

Examples of second law applications

6. Power and Refrigeration Cycles

Rankin Cycle, Sterling Cycle

Internal Combustion Engines (Otto cycle, Diesel cycle)

Vapor Compression Refrigeration

7. Thermodynamic Property Relations

Fundamental Identities, Maxwell Relations

Calculations of Δu , Δh , Δs from equations of state with T,v and T,p independent variables

Departure Functions

Joule Thomson Expansion and Liquefaction

ChE 63a Jan 2018 Homework Policy

Students are required to work out the solution of each problem in detail and neatly to allow easy grading by the TA. Exchange of information between students is allowed concerning the general approach to the problem solution, but the detailed derivation and calculations should be performed by each student individually.

The grade will be based 30% on homework, 30% on the midterm, and 40% on the final.

ChE 63a Textbook and References

- 1. Textbook: Koretsky Engineering and Chemical Thermodynamics**
2. C.B.P Finn: Thermal Physics
3. K. Denbigh: The Principles of Chemical Equilibrium (3rd edition)
Atkins: Physical Chemistry
4. Smith, Van Ness, Abbott: Introduction to Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics

References 1-4 will be on reserve in SFL